



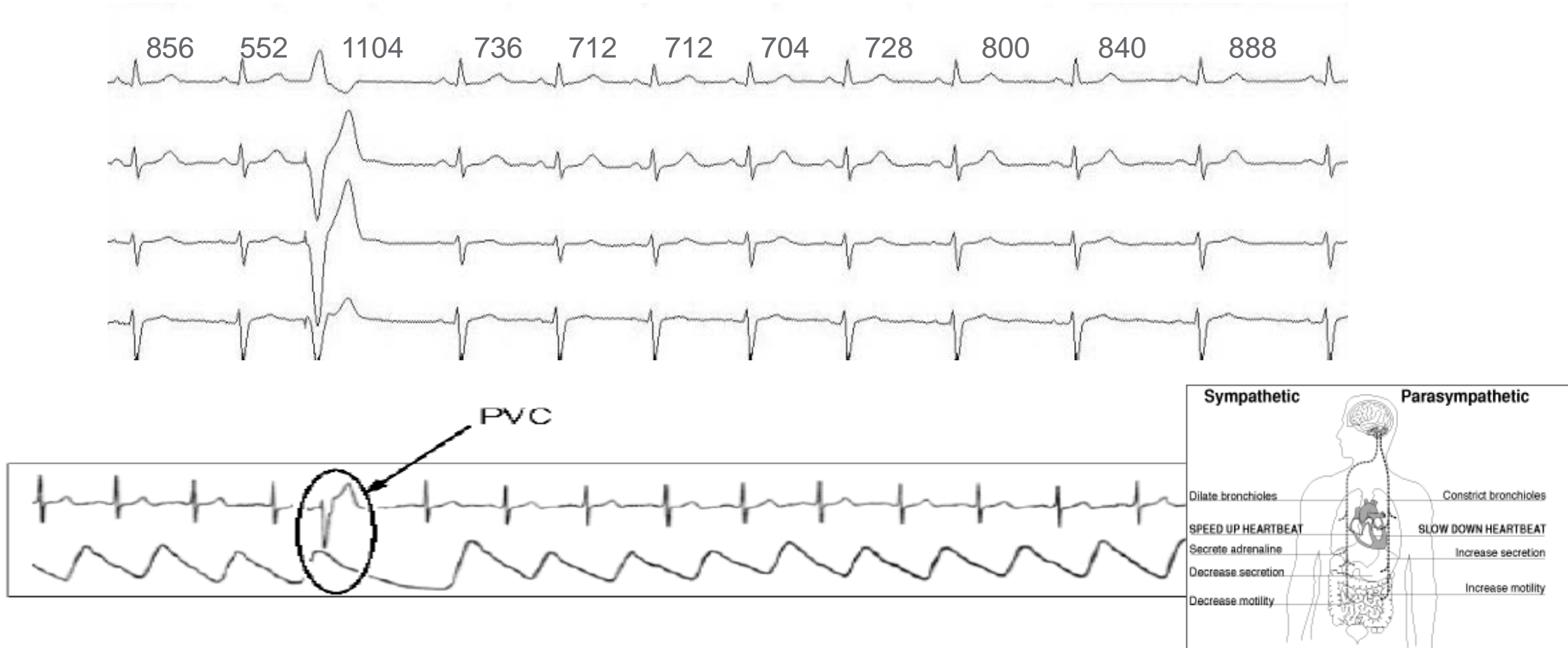
Technical aspect of quantification and measurement of HRT

February 11, 2019

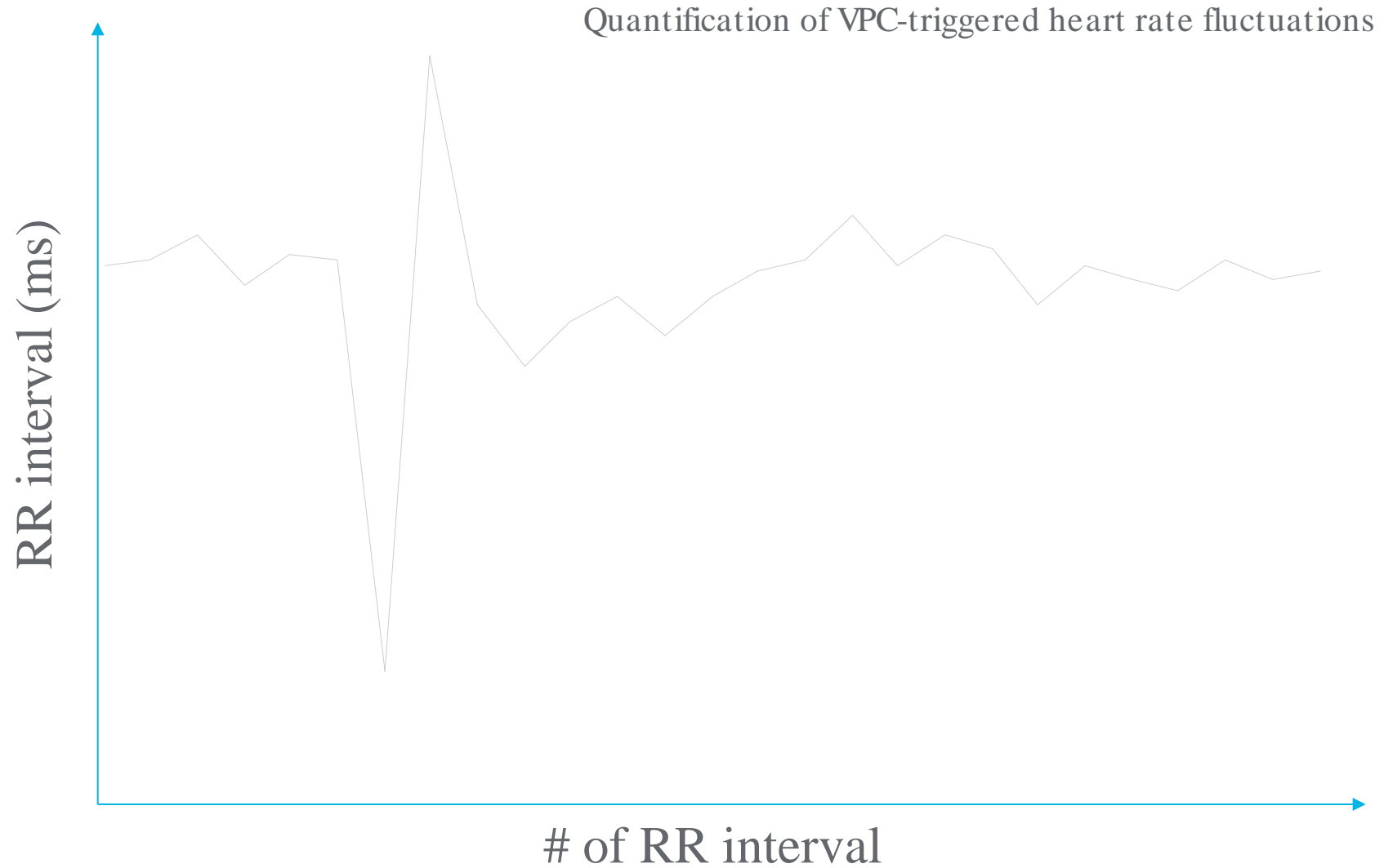
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Kina Hu, GE Healthcare

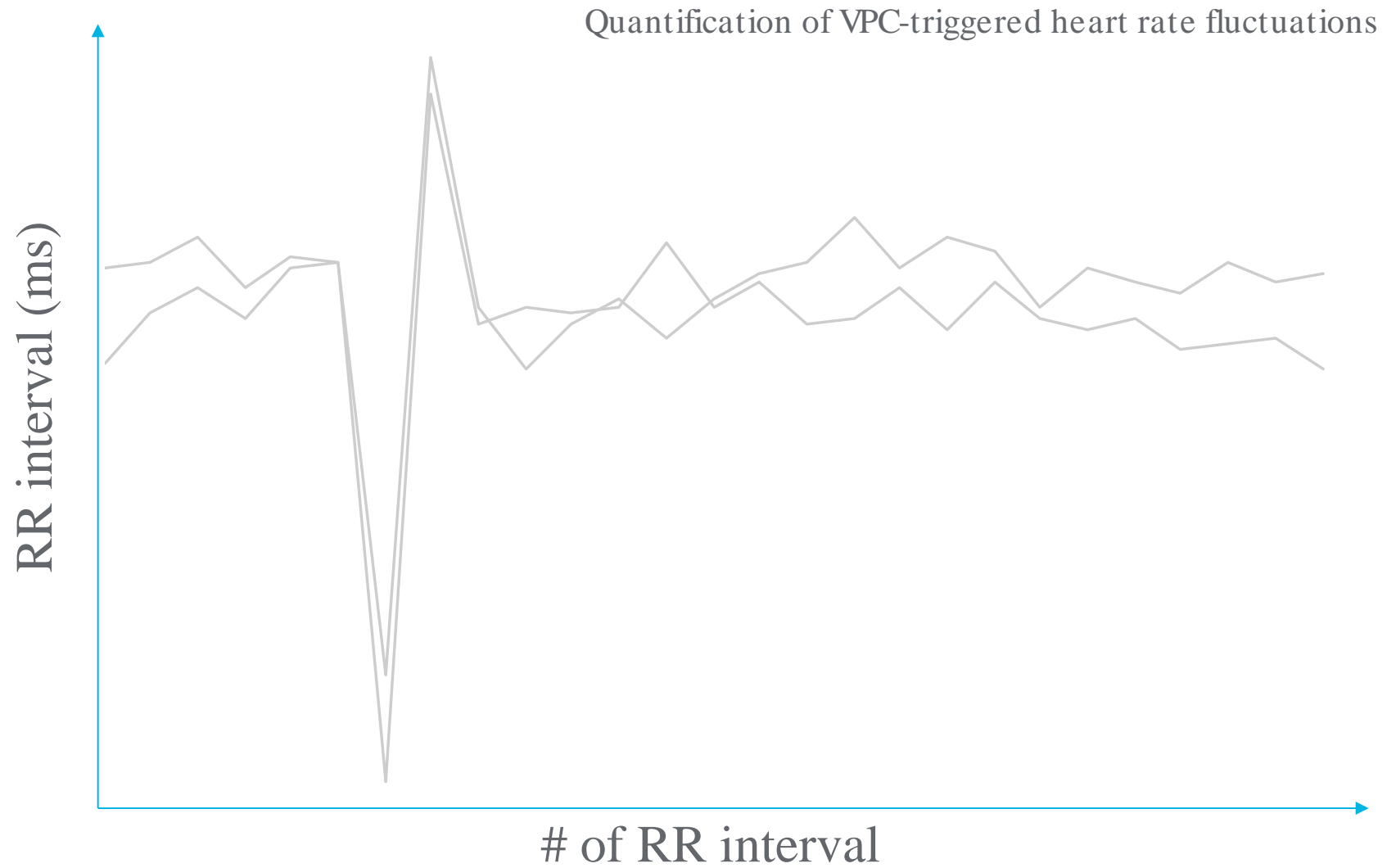
HRT - Measure of Autonomic Tone Changes in RR Interval after PVC



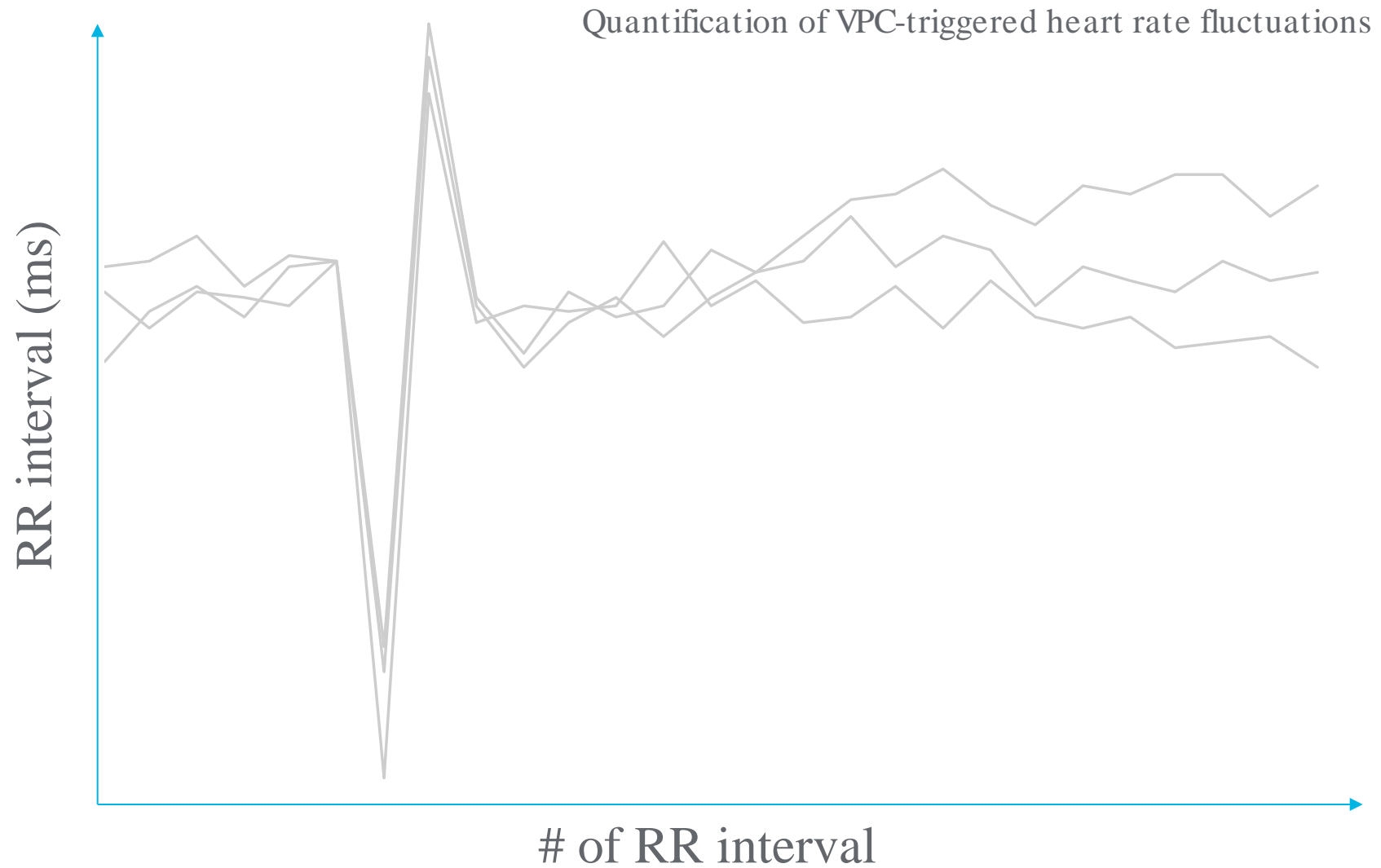
Heart Rate Turbulence



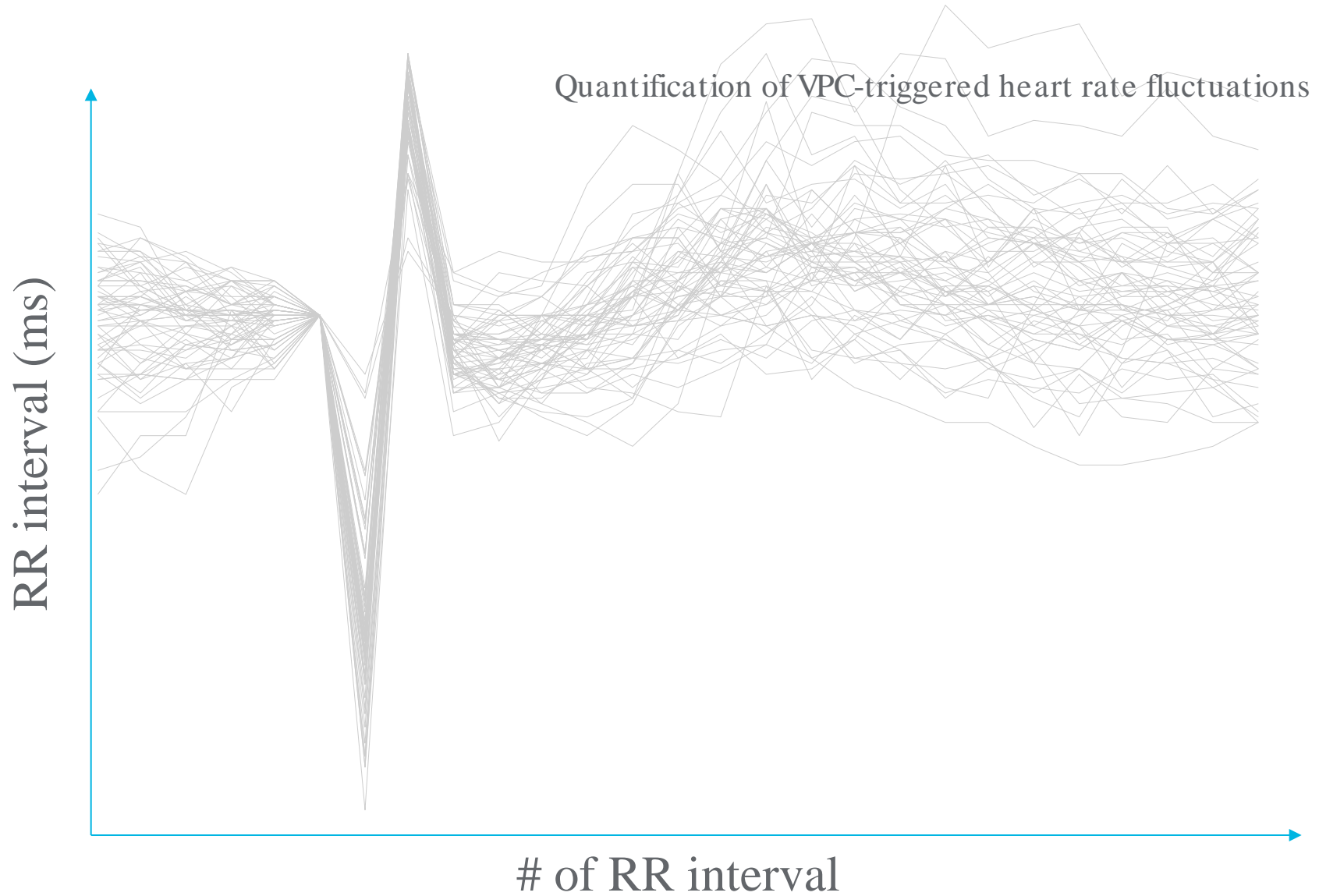
Heart Rate Turbulence



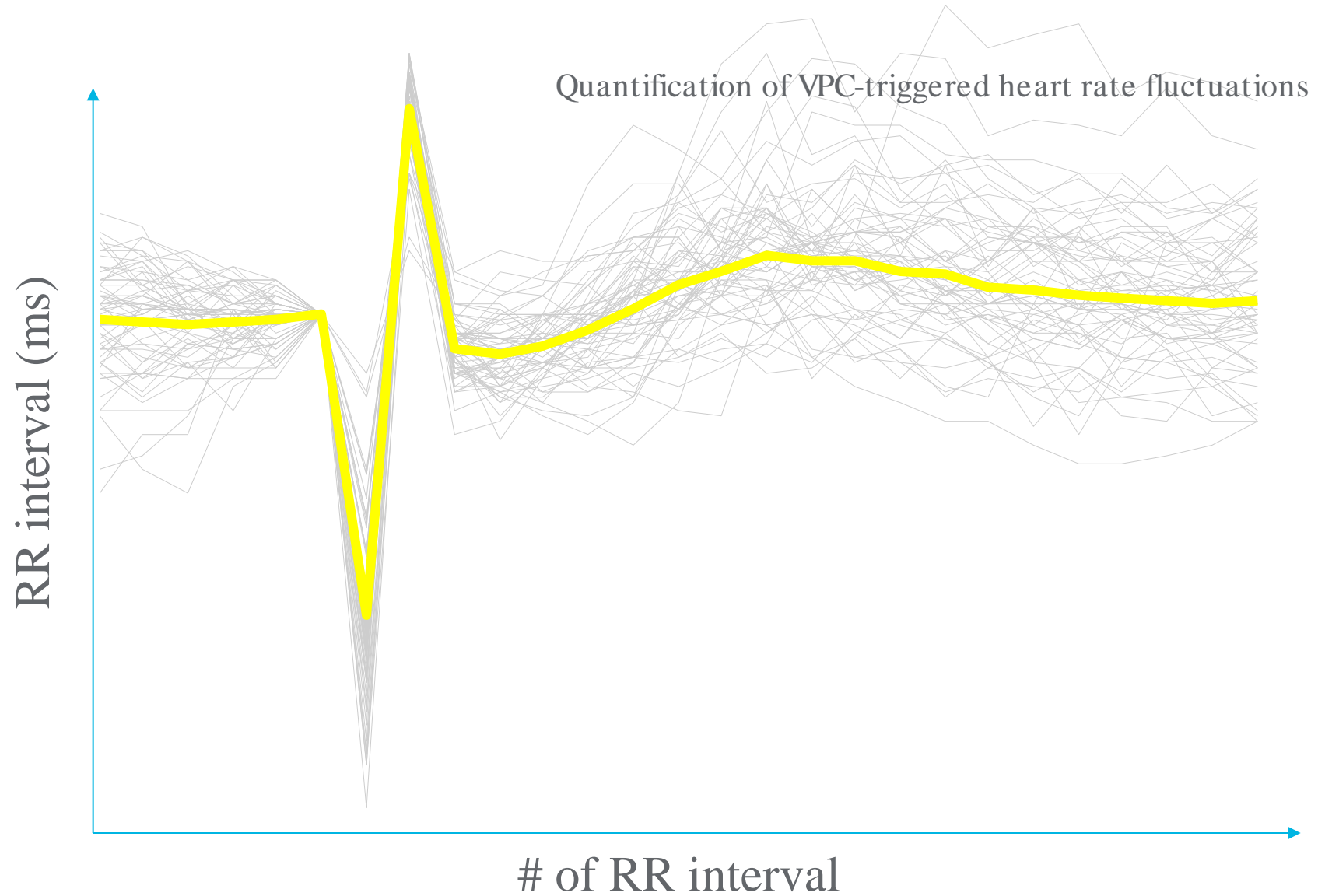
Heart Rate Turbulence



Heart Rate Turbulence



Heart Rate Turbulence



HRT Algorithm

Turbulence Onset (TO)

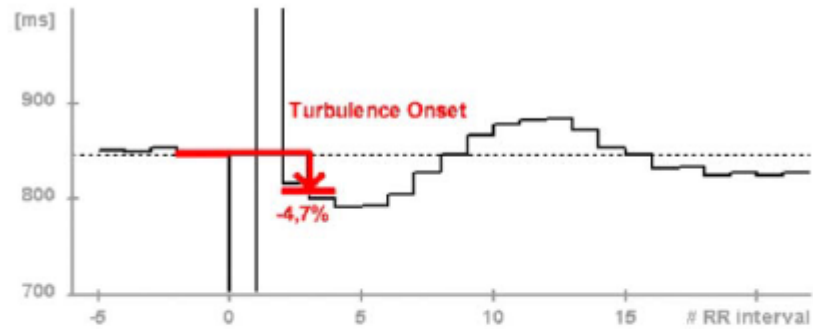


Figure 2

0024

Figure 2 shows Turbulence Onset (TO) the percentage difference between the average value of the first two normal intervals following the PVC and the last two normal intervals preceding the PVC. Initially, TO is determined for each individual PVC, followed by the determination of the average value of all individual measurements.

Turbulence Slop (TS)

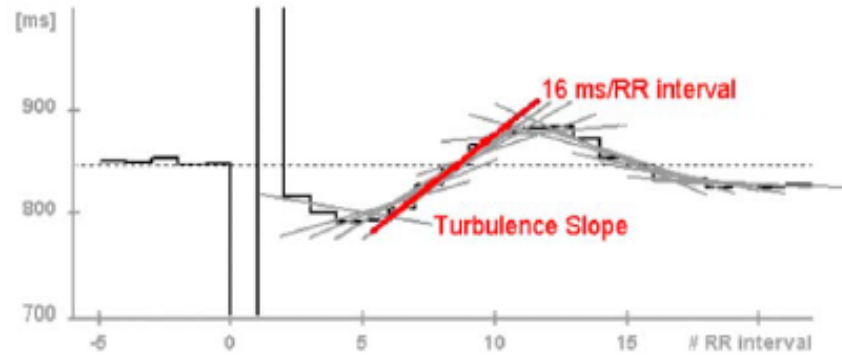


Figure 3

0034

Figure 3 shows the TS, the steepest slope of a linear regression line through five consecutive measurement points in the averaged tachogram. The TS calculations are based on the averaged tachogram and expressed in milliseconds per RR interval.

$$TO = 100 * ((RR_1 + RR_2) - (RR_2 + RR_1)) / (RR_2 + RR_1)$$



HRT Algorithm

Filter

- HRT quantification can only deliver usable result if the triggering event was a true PVC(not an artifact).
 - PVC is free from arrhythmia, artifacts and false classification
 - < 200 milliseconds
 - > 2500 milliseconds
 - > 200 milliseconds difference to the preceding sinus interval
 - $> 20\%$ difference to the reference interval (mean of the 5 last sinus intervals)
- In addition, the HRT calculations are limited to PVCs:
- with a minimum prematurity of 20%
 - with a post-extrasystole interval which is at least 20% longer than the normal interval
 - having 2 normal RR intervals before
 - having 15 normal RR intervals after



Analysis option definition

System>>System option>Analysis option>HRT

System: Analysis Options Setup

Shape Merge | Miscellaneous | QT | TWA | **HRT**

Number of reference RR intervals

Percent RR to call a normal RR premature

Percent RR to call a normal RR late

Maximum difference to call a normal RR premature or late (ms)

Percent value to call a PVC RR premature

Percent value to call a PVC RR late

Minimum value for an RR to be included (ms)

Pause threshold (ms)

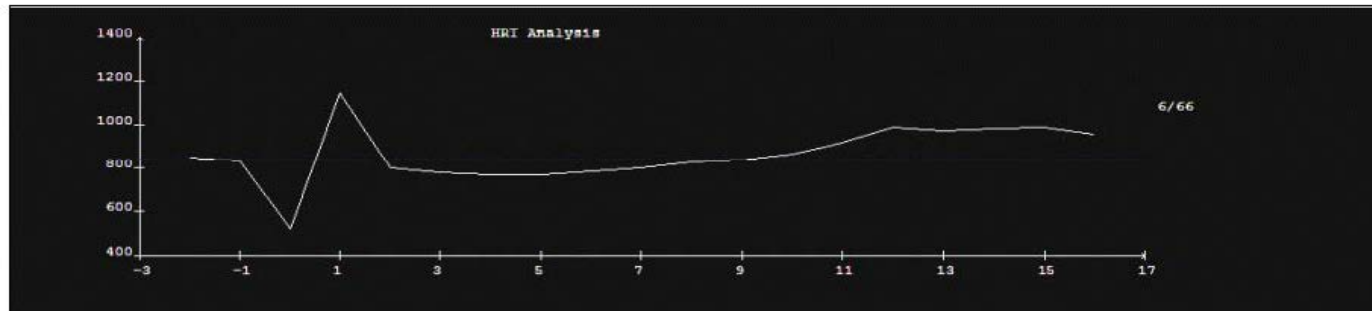
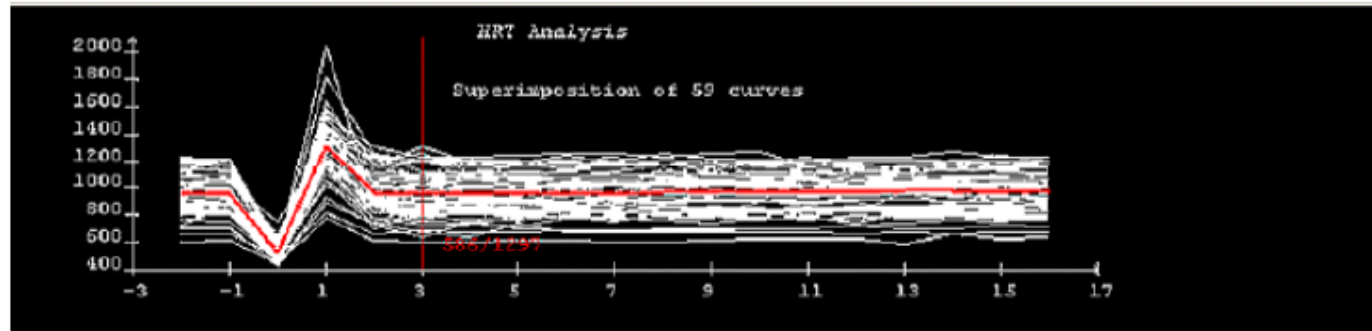
Number of RR intervals before target event

Number of RR intervals after target event

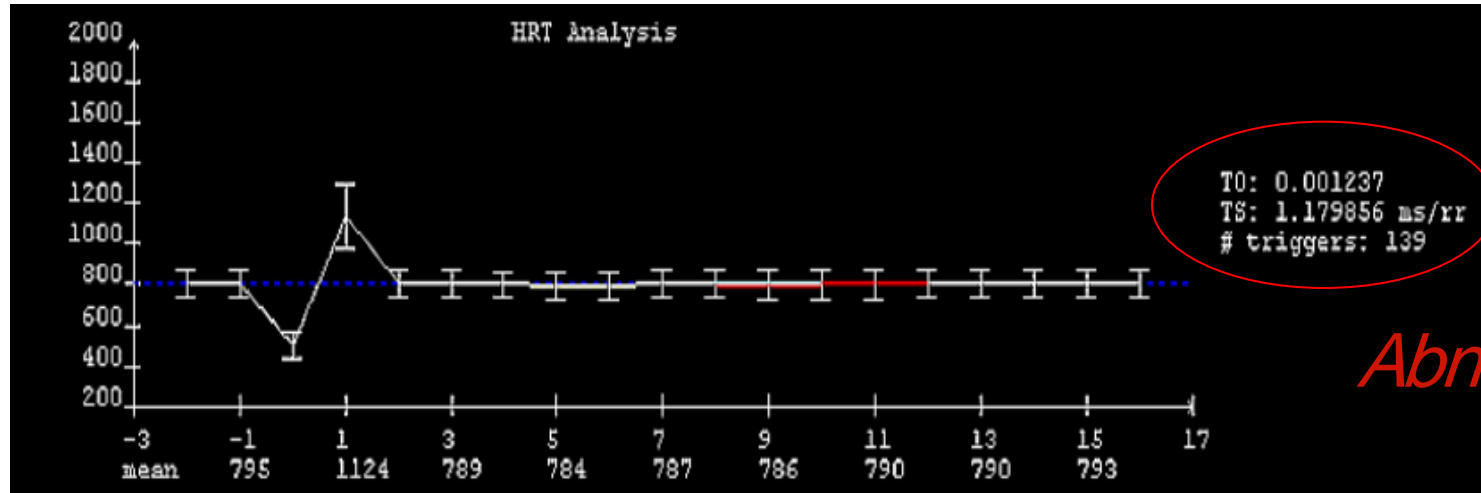
Attention: Selected settings are not default values.



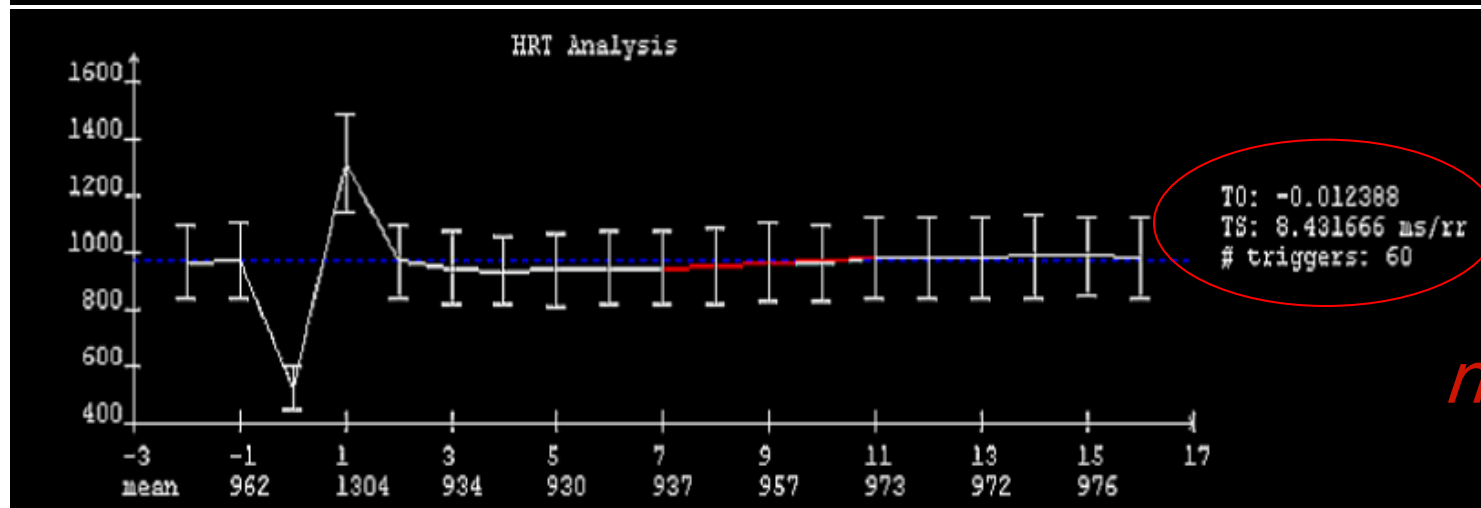
HRT Screen In MARS



Heart Rate Turbulence



Abnormal HRT



normal HRT



Quiz

Which scenario is the high risk result?

Scenario 1 — $TO > 0\%$, or

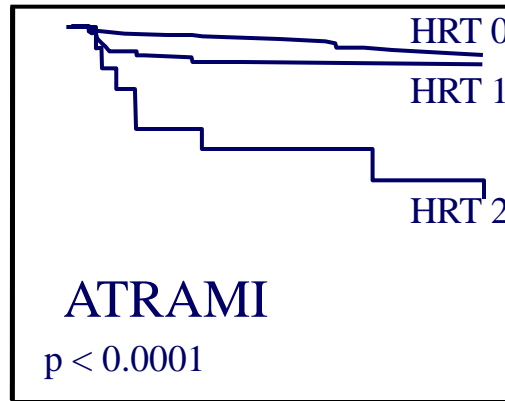
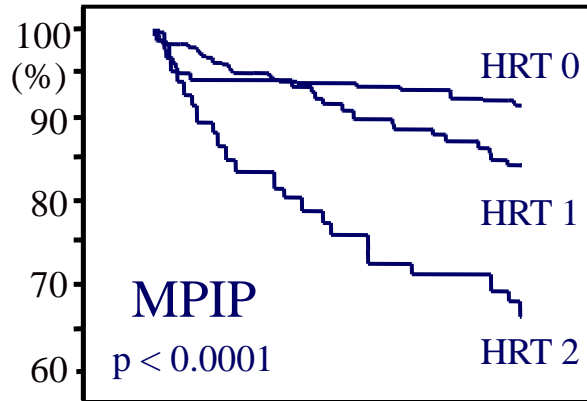
Scenario 2 — $TS < 2.5$ milliseconds/RR interval, or

Scenario 3 — $TO > 0\%$ and $TS < 2.5$ milliseconds/RR interval



Heart Rate Turbulence

HRT & Survival in Post MI Patients

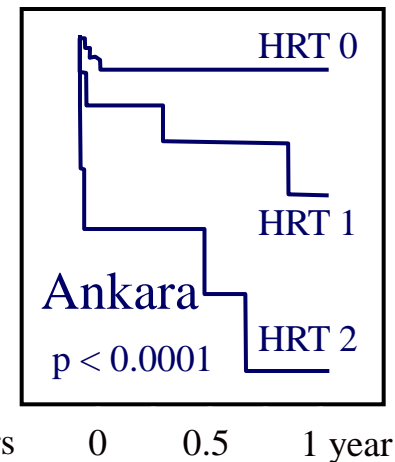
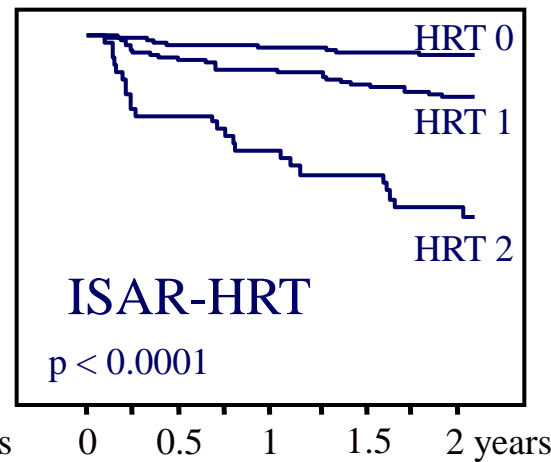
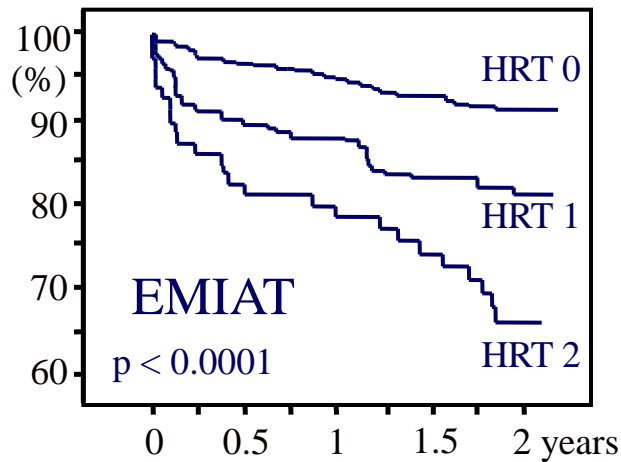


Schmidt, Lancet 1999

Ghuran, Am J Cardiol 2002

Barthel, Circulation 2003

Sade, PACE 2003

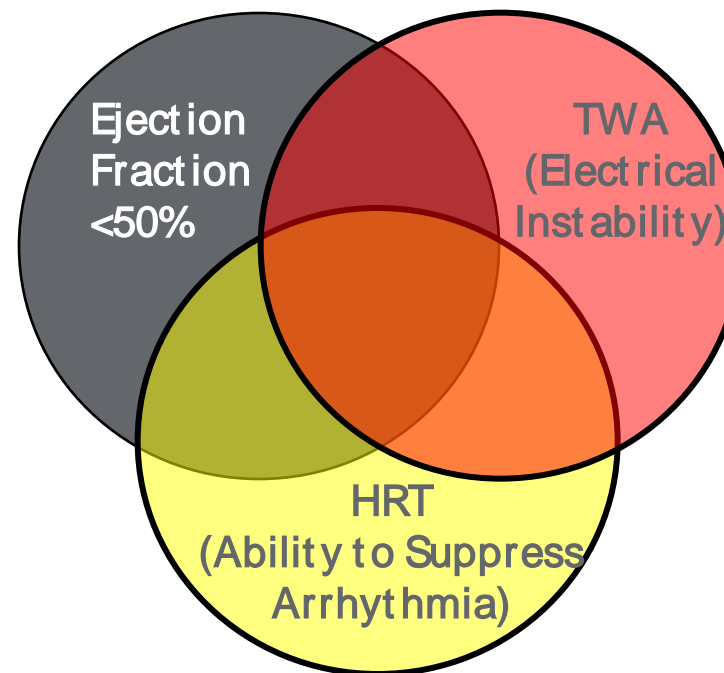
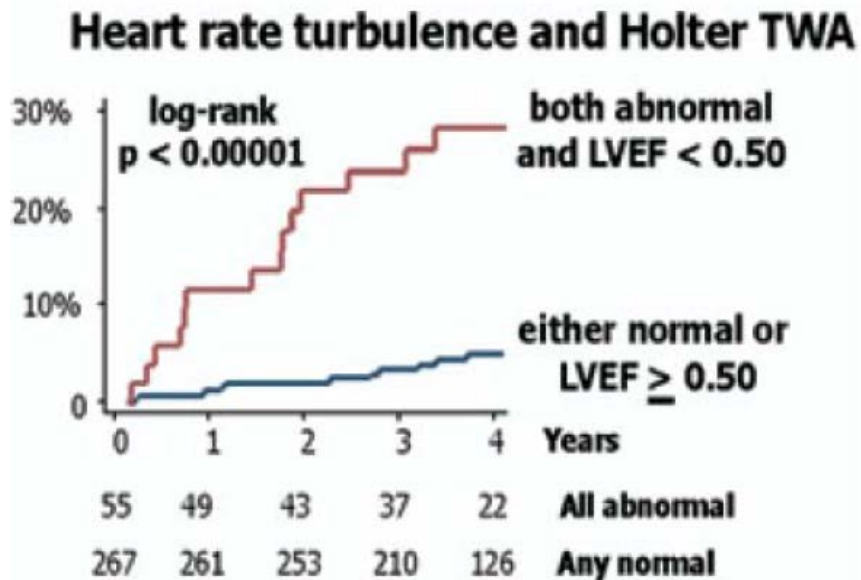


Limits of HRT analysis

HRT is not always measurable. HRT obviously cannot be measured in patients who do not have PVCs, Also it cannot be measured in patients **with pacemaker or episodes of atrial fibrillation** for the duration of the Holter recording



EF + ECG Identifiers Increases Selection Accuracy



Exner, D.V., et al., Noninvasive risk assessment early after a myocardial infarction the REFINE study. J Am Coll Cardiol, 2007

JACC

322 patients, post MI EF $< 50\%$, followed 47 months

Testing $> 10-14$ weeks post MI



